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3 NOTE CHANGES MADE BY THE COURT.

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8 **UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT**  
9 **CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA**

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11 JUSTIN POWERS,

12 Plaintiff,

13 v.

14 The CITY OF COVINA, OFFICER  
DAVIS, and DOES 1 through 10,

15 Defendants.

Case No. 2:15-CV-05877-MMM-AGR<sup>x</sup>  
[District Judge Margaret M. Morrow;  
Magistrate Judge Alicia G. Rosenberg]

**[PROPOSED] PROTECTIVE  
ORDER RE CONFIDENTIAL  
DOCUMENTS**

Complaint Filed: 08/04/2015  
Trial Date: N/A

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17

18 PURSUANT TO THE STIPULATION OF THE PARTIES (“Stipulation for  
19 Entry of Protective Order re Confidential Documents”), and pursuant to the Court’s  
20 inherent and statutory authority, including but not limited to the Court’s authority  
21 under the applicable Federal Rules of Civil Procedure and the United States District  
22 Court, Central District of California Local Rules; after due consideration of all of the  
23 relevant pleadings, papers, and records in this action; and upon such other evidence or  
24 argument as was presented to the Court; Good Cause appearing therefor, and in  
25 furtherance of the interests of justice,

26

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that:

27

1. **SCOPE OF PROTECTION.**

28

The protections conferred by the parties’ Stipulation and this Order cover not

1 only Protected Material/Confidential Documents (as defined below), but also (1) any  
2 information copied or extracted from Protected Material; (2) all copies, excerpts,  
3 summaries, or compilations of Protected Material; and (3) any testimony,  
4 conversations, or presentations by Parties or their Counsel that might reveal Protected  
5 Material. However, the protections conferred by the parties' Stipulation and this  
6 Order do *not* cover the following information: (a) any information that is in the public  
7 domain at the time of disclosure to a Receiving Party or becomes part of the public  
8 domain after its disclosure to a Receiving Party as a result of publication not  
9 involving a violation of this Order, including becoming part of the public record  
10 through trial or otherwise; and (b) any information known to the Receiving Party prior  
11 to the disclosure or obtained by the Receiving Party after the disclosure from a source  
12 who obtained the information lawfully and under no obligation of confidentiality to  
13 the Designating Party.

14 Except to the extent specified herein (if any), any use of Protected Material at  
15 trial shall not be governed by this Order, but may be governed by a separate  
16 agreement or order. The Definitions section of the parties' associated Stipulation (§ 2)  
17 is incorporated by reference herein.

18 Any use of Protected Material at trial shall be governed by the Orders of the  
19 trial judge: this Stipulation and its associated Protective Order do(es) not govern the  
20 use of Protected Material at trial.

21 **A. PURPOSES AND LIMITATIONS.**

22 Disclosure and discovery activity in this action are likely to involve production  
23 of confidential, proprietary, or private information for which special protection from  
24 public disclosure and from use for any purpose other than prosecuting or defending  
25 this litigation would be warranted. Accordingly, the parties have stipulated to and  
26 petitioned the court to enter the following Order.

27 The parties have acknowledged that this Order does not confer blanket  
28 protections on all disclosures or responses to discovery and that the protection it

1 affords extends only to the specified information or items that are entitled to treatment  
2 as confidential.

3 The parties further acknowledge, as set forth below, that this Order creates no  
4 entitlement to file confidential information under seal, except to the extent specified  
5 herein; Central District Local Rules 79-5.1 and 79-5.2 set(s) forth the procedures that  
6 must be followed and reflects the standards that will be applied when a party seeks  
7 permission from the Court to file material under seal.

8 Nothing in this Order shall be construed so as to require or mandate that any  
9 Party disclose or produce privileged information or records that could be designated  
10 as Confidential Documents/Protected Material hereunder.

11 **2. DURATION OF PROTECTION.**

12 Even after final disposition of this litigation, the confidentiality obligations  
13 imposed by this Order shall remain in effect until a Designating Party agrees  
14 otherwise in writing or a court order otherwise directs.

15 Final disposition shall be deemed to be the later of (1) dismissal of all claims  
16 and defenses in this action, with or without prejudice; or (2) final judgment herein  
17 after the completion and exhaustion of all appeals, rehearings, remands, trials, or  
18 reviews of this action, including the time limits for filing any motions or applications  
19 for extension of time pursuant to applicable law.

20 **3. DESIGNATION OF PROTECTED MATERIAL/CONFIDENTIAL  
DOCUMENTS.**

22 **3.1. Exercise of Restraint and Care in Designating Material for Protection.**

23 Each Party or non-party that designates information or items for protection  
24 under the parties' Stipulation and this Order must take care to limit any such  
25 designation to specific material that qualifies under the appropriate standards. A  
26 Designating Party must take care to designate for protection only those parts of  
27 material, documents, items, or oral or written communications that qualify – so that  
28 other portions of the material, documents, items or communications for which

1 protection is not warranted are not swept unjustifiably within the ambit of this Order.

2 Mass, indiscriminate, or routine designations are prohibited. Designations that  
3 are shown to be clearly unjustified, or that have been made for an improper purpose  
4 (e.g., to unnecessarily encumber or inhibit the case development process, or to impose  
5 unnecessary expenses and burdens on other parties), expose the Designating Party to  
6 sanctions.

7 If it comes to a Party's or a non-party's attention that information or items that  
8 it designated for protection do not qualify for protection at all, or do not qualify for  
9 the level of protection initially asserted, that Party or non-party must promptly notify  
10 all other parties that it is withdrawing the mistaken designation.

11       3.2. Manner and Timing of Designations. Except as otherwise provided in  
12 this Order, or as otherwise stipulated or ordered, material that qualifies for protection  
13 under this Order must be clearly so designated before the material is disclosed or  
14 produced.

15       Designation in conformity with this Order requires:

16       (a) for information in documentary form (apart from transcripts of  
17 depositions or other pretrial or trial proceedings, and regardless of whether produced  
18 in hardcopy or electronic form), that the Producing Party affix the legend  
19 “CONFIDENTIAL” to each page that contains Protected Material. If only a portion  
20 or portions of the material on a page qualifies for protection, the Producing Party also  
21 must clearly identify the protected portion(s) (e.g., by making appropriate markings in  
22 the margins) and must specify, for each portion that it is “CONFIDENTIAL.” The  
23 placement of such “CONFIDENTIAL” stamp on such page(s) shall not obstruct the  
24 substance of the page’s (or pages’) text or content.

25       A Party or non-party that makes original documents or materials available for  
26 inspection need not designate them for protection until after the Receiving Party has  
27 indicated which material it would like copied and produced. During the inspection  
28 and before the designation, all of the material made available for inspection shall be

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1 deemed "CONFIDENTIAL." After the Receiving Party has identified the documents  
2 it wants copied and produced, the Producing Party must determine which documents,  
3 or portions thereof, qualify for protection under this Order. Then, before producing  
4 the specified documents, the Producing Party must affix the "CONFIDENTIAL"  
5 legend to each page that contains Protected Material. If only a portion or portions of  
6 the material on a page qualifies for protection, the Producing Party also must clearly  
7 identify the protected portion(s) (e.g., by making appropriate markings in the  
8 margins).

9 (b) for testimony given in deposition or in other pretrial or trial proceedings,  
10 that the Party or non-party offering or sponsoring the testimony identify on the record,  
11 before the close of the deposition, hearing, or other proceeding, all protected  
12 testimony, and further specify any portions of the testimony that qualify as  
13 "CONFIDENTIAL." When it is impractical to identify separately each portion of  
14 testimony that is entitled to protection, and when it appears that substantial portions of  
15 the testimony may qualify for protection, the Producing Party may invoke on the  
16 record (before the deposition or proceeding is concluded) a right to have up to twenty  
17 (20) days to identify the specific portions of the testimony as "CONFIDENTIAL."

18 Only those portions of the testimony that are appropriately designated as  
19 "CONFIDENTIAL" for protection within the 20 days shall be covered by the  
20 provisions of the parties' Stipulation and this Protective Order.

21 The court reporter must affix to each such page the legend "CONFIDENTIAL," as  
22 instructed by the Producing Party.

23 (c) for information produced in some form other than documentary, and for  
24 any other tangible items (including but not limited to information produced on disc or  
25 electronic data storage device), that the Producing Party affix in a prominent place on  
26 the exterior of the container or containers in which the information or item is stored  
27 the legend "CONFIDENTIAL." If only portions of the information or item warrant  
28 protection, the Producing Party, to the extent practicable, shall identify the protected

1 portions, specifying the material as “CONFIDENTIAL.”

2       3.3. Inadvertent Failures to Designate. If timely corrected (preferably,  
3 though not necessarily, within 30 days of production or disclosure of such material),  
4 an inadvertent failure to designate qualified information or items as  
5 “CONFIDENTIAL” does not, standing alone, waive the Designating Party’s right to  
6 secure protection under the parties’ Stipulation and this Order for such material. If  
7 material is appropriately designated as “CONFIDENTIAL” *after* the material was  
8 initially produced, the Receiving Party, on timely notification of the designation, must  
9 make reasonable efforts to assure that the material is treated in accordance with the  
10 parties’ Stipulation and this Order.

11       3.4. Alteration of Confidentiality Stamp Prohibited. A Receiving Party shall  
12 not alter, edit, or modify any Protected Material so as to conceal, obscure, or remove a  
13 “CONFIDENTIAL” stamp or legend thereon; nor shall a Receiving Party take any  
14 other action so as to make it appear that Protected Material is not subject to the terms  
15 and provisions of the parties’ Stipulation and this Order. However, nothing in this  
16 section shall be construed so as to prevent a Receiving Party from challenging a  
17 confidentiality designation subject to the provisions of section 4, *infra*.

18       4. **CHALLENGING CONFIDENTIALITY DESIGNATIONS.**

19       4.1. Timing of Challenges. Any Party or non-party may challenge a  
20 designation of confidentiality at any time that is consistent with the Court’s  
21 Scheduling Order. Unless a prompt challenge to a Designating Party’s  
22 confidentiality designation is necessary to avoid foreseeable substantial unfairness,  
23 unnecessary economic burdens, or a later significant disruption or delay of the  
24 litigation, a Party does not waive its right to challenge a confidentiality designation by  
25 electing not to mount a challenge promptly after the original designation is disclosed.

26       4.2. Meet and Confer. Prior to challenging a confidentiality designation, a  
27 Party shall initiate a dispute resolution process by providing written notice of each  
28 specific designation it is challenging, and describing the basis (and supporting

1 authority or argument) for each challenge. To avoid ambiguity as to whether a  
2 challenge has been made, the written notice must recite that the challenge to  
3 confidentiality is being made in accordance with this Protective Order. The parties  
4 shall attempt to resolve each challenge in good faith and must begin the process by  
5 conferring directly (in voice to voice dialogue, either in person, telephonically, or by  
6 other comparable means, but *not* by correspondence) within 14 days of the date of  
7 service of notice.

8 In conferring, the Party challenging the designation must explain the specific  
9 basis for its belief that the confidentiality designation was not proper and must give  
10 the Designating Party an opportunity to review the designated material, to reconsider  
11 the circumstances, and, if no change in designation is offered, to explain the basis for  
12 the chosen designation. A Party may proceed to the next stage of the challenge  
13 process only if it has engaged in this meet and confer process first or establishes that  
14 the Designating Party is unwilling to participate in the meet and confer process in a  
15 timely manner.

16 Frivolous challenges, and those challenges made for an improper purpose (e.g.,  
17 to harass or impose unnecessary expenses and burdens on other parties), may expose  
18 the Party making to challenge to sanctions.

19 4.3. Judicial Intervention. If the Parties cannot resolve a confidentiality  
20 challenge without court intervention, the Party challenging the designation shall file  
21 and serve a motion to remove confidentiality (under the applicable rules for filing and  
22 service of discovery motions) within 14 days of the parties agreeing that the meet and  
23 confer process will not resolve their dispute, or by the first day of trial of this matter,  
24 whichever date is earlier – unless the parties agree in writing to a longer time.

25 The parties must comply with Central District Local Rules 37-1 and 37-2  
26 (including the joint stipulation re discovery dispute requirement) in any motion  
27 associated with this Protective Order.

28 The Party wishing to challenge a designation may file a motion challenging a

1 confidentiality designation at any time if there is good cause for doing so, including a  
2 challenge to the designation of a deposition transcript or any portions thereof. Any  
3 motion brought pursuant to this provision must be accompanied by a competent  
4 declaration affirming that the movant has complied with the meet and confer  
5 requirements imposed by the preceding paragraph.

6 The burden of persuasion in any such challenge proceeding shall be on the  
7 Designating Party, regardless of whether the Designating Party is the moving party or  
8 whether such Party sought or opposes judicial intervention. Frivolous challenges, and  
9 those made for an improper purpose (e.g., to harass or impose unnecessary expenses  
10 and burdens on other parties) may expose the Challenging Party to sanctions. Unless  
11 the Designating Party has waived the confidentiality designation by failing to oppose  
12 a motion to remove confidentiality as described above, all parties shall continue to  
13 afford the material in question the level of protection to which it is entitled under the  
14 Producing Party's designation until the court rules on the challenge.

15 **4.4. Withdrawal of "CONFIDENTIAL" Designation.** At its discretion, a  
16 Designating Party may remove Protected Material/Confidential Documents from  
17 some or all of the protections and provisions of the parties' Stipulation and this Order  
18 at any time by any of the following methods:

19 (a) **Express Written Withdrawal.** A Designating Party may withdraw a  
20 "CONFIDENTIAL" designation made to any specified Protected  
21 Material/Confidential Documents from some or all of the protections of the parties'  
22 Stipulation and this Order by an express withdrawal in a writing signed by such Party  
23 (or such Party's Counsel, but not including staff of such Counsel) that specifies and  
24 itemizes the Disclosure or Discovery Material previously designated as Protected  
25 Material/Confidential Documents that shall no longer be subject to all or some of the  
26 provisions of the parties' Stipulation and Order. Such express withdrawal shall be  
27 effective when transmitted or served upon the Receiving Party. If a Designating Party  
28 is withdrawing Protected Material from only some of the provisions/protections of the

1 parties' Stipulation and this Order, such Party must state which specific provisions are  
2 no longer to be enforced as to the specified material for which confidentiality  
3 protection hereunder is withdrawn. Otherwise, such withdrawal shall be construed as  
4 a withdrawal of such material from all of the protections/provisions of the parties'  
5 Stipulation and this Order;

6 (b) Express Withdrawal on the Record. A Designating Party may withdraw  
7 a "CONFIDENTIAL" designation made to any specified Protected Material/  
8 Confidential Documents from all of the provisions/protections of the parties'  
9 Stipulation and this Order by verbally consenting in court proceedings on the record  
10 to such withdrawal – provided that such withdrawal specifies the Disclosure or  
11 Discovery Material previously designated as Protected Material/Confidential  
12 Documents that shall no longer be subject to any of the provisions of the parties'  
13 Stipulation and this Order. A Designating Party is not permitted to withdraw  
14 Protected Material from only some of the protections/ provisions of the parties'  
15 Stipulation and this Order by this method;

16 (c) Implicit Withdrawal by Publication or Failure to Oppose Challenge. A  
17 Designating Party shall be construed to have withdrawn a "CONFIDENTIAL"  
18 designation made to any specified Protected Material/Confidential Documents from  
19 all of the provisions/protections of the parties' Stipulation and this Order by either  
20 (1) making such Protected Material/Confidential Records part of the public record –  
21 including but not limited to attaching such as exhibits to any filing with the Court  
22 without moving, prior to such filing, for the Court to seal such records; or (2) failing  
23 to timely oppose a Challenging Party's motion to remove a "CONFIDENTIAL"  
24 designation to specified Protected Material/Confidential Documents.

25 Nothing in the parties' Stipulation and this Order shall be construed so as to  
26 require any Party to file Protected Material/Confidential Documents under seal, unless  
27 expressly specified herein.

28 ///

1     5. **ACCESS TO AND USE OF PROTECTED MATERIAL.**

2         5.1. **Basic Principles.** A Receiving Party may use Protected Material that is  
3 disclosed or produced by another Party or by a non-party in connection with this case  
4 only for preparing, prosecuting, defending, or attempting to settle this litigation – up  
5 to and including final disposition of the above-entitled action – and not for any other  
6 purpose, including any other litigation or dispute outside the scope of this action.  
7 Such Protected Material may be disclosed only to the categories of persons and under  
8 the conditions described in the parties' Stipulation and this Order. When the above  
9 entitled litigation has been terminated, a Receiving Party must comply with the  
10 provisions of section 9, below (FINAL DISPOSITION).

11         Protected Material must be stored and maintained by a Receiving Party at a  
12 location and in a manner that ensures that access is limited to the persons authorized  
13 under the parties' Stipulation and its Order.

14         5.2. **Disclosure of "CONFIDENTIAL" Information or Items.** Unless  
15 otherwise ordered by the Court or permitted in writing by the Designating Party, a  
16 Receiving Party may disclose any information or item designated "CONFIDENTIAL"  
17 only to:

18             (a) the Receiving Party's Outside Counsel of record in this action, as well as  
19 employees of such Counsel to whom it is reasonably necessary to disclose the  
20 information for this litigation;

21             (b) the officers, directors, and employees (including House Counsel) of the  
22 Receiving Party to whom disclosure is reasonably necessary for this litigation – each  
23 of whom, by accepting receipt of such Protected Material, thereby agree to be bound  
24 by the parties' Stipulation and this Order;

25             (c) Experts (as defined in the parties' Stipulation) of the Receiving Party to  
26 whom disclosure is reasonably necessary for this litigation – each of whom, by  
27 accepting receipt of such Protected Material, thereby agree to be bound by the parties'  
28 Stipulation and this Order;

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1 (d) court reporters, their staffs, and Professional Vendors to whom  
2 disclosure is reasonably necessary for this litigation – each of whom, by accepting  
3 receipt of such Protected Material, thereby agree to be bound by the parties'  
4 Stipulation and this Order;

5 (e) during their depositions, witnesses in the action to whom disclosure is  
6 reasonably necessary – each of whom, by accepting receipt of such Protected  
7 Material, thereby agree to be bound by the parties' Stipulation and this Order. Pages  
8 of transcribed deposition testimony or exhibits to depositions that reveal Protected  
9 Material may not be disclosed to anyone except as permitted under the parties'  
0 Stipulation and this Protective Order:

11 (f) the author or custodian of a document containing the information that  
12 constitutes Protected Material, or other person who otherwise possessed or knew the  
13 information.

14        5.3. Notice of Confidentiality. Prior to producing or disclosing Protected  
15 Material/Confidential Documents to persons to whom the parties' Stipulation and this  
16 Order permits disclosure or production (see section 5.2, *supra*), a Receiving Party  
17 shall provide a copy of this Order to such persons so as to put such persons on notice  
18 as to the restrictions imposed upon them herein: except that, for court reporters,  
19 Professional Vendors, and for witnesses being provided with Protected Material  
20 during a deposition, it shall be sufficient notice for Counsel to give the witness a  
21 verbal admonition (on the record, for witnesses) regarding the provisions of the  
22 parties' Stipulation and this Order and such provisions' applicability to specified  
23 Protected Material at issue.

24       5.4. Reservation of Rights. Nothing in the parties' Stipulation and this Order  
25 shall be construed so as to require any Producing Party to designate any records or  
26 materials as "CONFIDENTIAL." Nothing in the parties' Stipulation or this Order  
27 shall be construed so as to prevent the admission of Protected Material into evidence  
28 at the trial of this action, or in any appellate proceedings for this action, solely on the

1 basis that such Disclosure or Discovery Material has been designated as Protected  
2 Material/Confidential Documents. Notwithstanding the foregoing, nothing in the  
3 parties' Stipulation or this Order shall be construed as a waiver of any privileges or of  
4 any rights to object to the use or admission into evidence of any Protected Material in  
5 any proceeding; nor shall anything herein be construed as a concession that any  
6 privileges asserted or objections made are valid or applicable.

7 Nothing in the parties' Stipulation or this Order shall be construed so as to  
8 prevent the Designating Party (or its Counsel or custodian of records) from having  
9 access to and using Protected Material designated by that Party in the manner in  
10 which such persons or entities would typically use such materials in the normal course  
11 of their duties or profession – except that the waiver of confidentiality provisions shall  
12 apply (see section 4.4(c), *supra*).

13 **5.5. Requirement to File Confidential Documents Under Seal.** Confidential  
14 Documents must be submitted in all law and motion proceedings before the Court if  
15 done so under seal pursuant to Federal Rules of Civil Procedure 5.2 and 26 and/or  
16 United States District Court, Central District of California Local Rules 79-5.1 and 79-  
17 5.2 (as applicable) and pursuant to the provisions of the parties' Stipulation and this  
18 Order. If any Receiving Party attaches any Confidential Documents to any pleading,  
19 motion, or other paper to be filed, lodged, or otherwise submitted to the Court, such  
20 Confidential Document(s) shall be filed/lodged under seal pursuant to Federal Rules  
21 of Civil Procedure 5.2 and 26 and/or United States District Court, Central District of  
22 California Local Rules 79-5.1 and 79-5.2 to the extent applicable.

23 However, this paragraph (¶ 5.5) shall not be construed so as to prevent a  
24 Designating Party or counsel from submitting, filing, lodging, or publishing any  
25 document it has previously designated as a Confidential Document without  
26 compliance with this paragraph's requirement to do so under seal (i.e., a producing-  
27 disclosing party or counsel may submit or publish its own Confidential Documents  
28 without being in violation of the terms of the parties' Stipulation and this Protective

1 Order).

2 Furthermore, a Receiving Party shall be exempted from the requirements of this  
3 paragraph as to any specifically identified Confidential Document(s) where – prior to  
4 the submission or publication of the Confidential Document(s) at issue – the  
5 Designating Party of such specifically identified Confidential Document(s) has  
6 waived/withdrawn the protections of the parties' Stipulation and this Order (pursuant  
7 to paragraph 4.4, *supra*).

8 A Receiving Party shall also be exempt from the sealing requirements of this  
9 paragraph (¶ 5.5) where the Confidential Documents/Protected Material at issue is/are  
10 not documents, records, or information regarding:

11 (1) private, personal information contained in peace officer personnel files  
12 (such as social security numbers, driver's license numbers or comparable personal  
13 government identification numbers, residential addresses, compensation or pension or  
14 personal property information, credit card numbers or credit information, dates of  
15 birth, tax records and information, information related to the identity of an officer's  
16 family members or co-residents, and comparable personal information about the  
17 officer or his family);

18 (2) any internal affairs or comparable investigation by any law enforcement  
19 agency into alleged officer misconduct; and/or

20 (3) the medical records or records of psychiatric or psychological treatment  
21 of any peace officer or party to this action.

22 Nothing in this paragraph shall be construed to bind the Court or its authorized  
23 staff so as to limit or prevent the publication of any Confidential Documents to the  
24 jury or factfinder, at the time of trial of this matter, where the Court has deemed such  
25 Confidential Documents to be admissible into evidence.

26 **6. PROTECTED MATERIAL SUBPOENAED OR ORDERED PRODUCED  
IN OTHER LITIGATION.**

27  
28 If a Party is served with a subpoena or a court order issued in other litigation

1 that compels disclosure of any information or items in the Party's possession or  
2 control which had been designated in this action as "CONFIDENTIAL," that Party  
3 must:

4 (a) promptly notify in writing the Designating Party, preferably (though not  
5 necessarily) by facsimile or electronic mail. Such notification shall include a copy of  
6 the subpoena or court order at issue, if possible;

7 (b) promptly notify in writing the party who caused the subpoena or order to  
8 issue in the other litigation that some or all of the material covered by the subpoena or  
9 order is subject to the parties' Stipulation and this Protective Order. Such notification  
10 shall include a specific reference to the parties' Stipulation and this Protective Order;  
11 and

12 (c) cooperate with respect to all reasonable procedures sought to be pursued by  
13 all sides in any such situation, while adhering to the terms of the parties' Stipulation  
14 and this Order.

15 If the Designating Party timely seeks a protective order, the Party served with  
16 the subpoena or court order shall not produce any information designated in this  
17 action as "CONFIDENTIAL" before a determination by the court from which the  
18 subpoena or order issued, unless the Party has obtained the Designating Party's  
19 permission. The Designating Party shall bear the burden and expense of seeking  
20 protection in that court of its confidential material – and nothing in these provisions  
21 should be construed as authorizing or encouraging a Receiving Party in this action to  
22 disobey a lawful directive from another court.

23 The purpose of this section is to ensure that the affected Party has a meaningful  
24 opportunity to preserve its confidentiality interests in the court from which the  
25 subpoena or court order issued.

26 **7. UNAUTHORIZED DISCLOSURE OF PROTECTED MATERIAL.**

27 **7.1. Unauthorized Disclosure of Protected Material.**

28 If a Receiving Party learns that, by inadvertence or otherwise, it has disclosed

1 Protected Material to any person or in any circumstance not authorized under the  
2 parties' Stipulation and this Order, the Receiving Party must:  
3 (a) notify in writing the Designating Party of the unauthorized disclosures;  
4 (b) use its best efforts to retrieve all copies of the Protected Material;  
5 (c) inform the person or persons to whom unauthorized disclosures were made  
6 of all the terms of this Order; and  
7 (d) request that such person or persons consent to be bound by the Stipulation  
8 and this Order.

9       **7.2. Inadvertent Production of Privileged or Otherwise Protected Material.**

10       When a Producing Party gives notice to Receiving Parties that certain  
11 inadvertently produced material is subject to a claim of privilege or other protection,  
12 the obligations of the Receiving Parties are those set forth in Federal Rule of Civil  
13 Procedure 26(b)(5)(B). This provision is not intended to modify whatever procedure  
14 may be established in an e-discovery order that provides for production without prior  
15 privilege review. Pursuant to Federal Rule of Evidence 502(d) and (e), insofar as the  
16 parties reach an agreement on the effect of disclosure of a communication or  
17 information covered by the attorney-client privilege or work product protection, the  
18 parties may incorporate their agreement in the stipulated protective order submitted to  
19 the Court.

20       **8. PUBLICATION OF PROTECTED MATERIAL PROHIBITED.**

21       **8.1. Filing of Protected Material.**

22       Without advance written permission from the Designating Party, or a court  
23 order secured after appropriate notice to all interested persons, a Receiving Party may  
24 not file in the public record in this action any Protected Material. A Party that seeks  
25 to file under seal any Protected Material must comply with the applicable Federal and  
26 Local Rules.

27       **8.2. Public Dissemination of Protected Material.**

28       A Receiving Party shall not publish, release, post, or disseminate Protected

1 Material to any persons except those specifically delineated and authorized by the  
2 parties' Stipulation and this Order (see section 5, *supra*); nor shall a Receiving Party  
3 publish, release, leak, post, or disseminate Protected Material/Confidential  
4 Documents to any news media, member of the press, website, or public forum (except  
5 as permitted under this Order regarding filings with the Court in this action and under  
6 seal).

7 **9. FINAL DISPOSITION.**

8 Unless otherwise ordered or agreed in writing by the Producing Party, within  
9 thirty (30) days after the final termination of this action (defined as the dismissal or  
10 entry of judgment by the above named Court, or if an appeal is filed, the disposition  
11 of the appeal), upon written request by the Producing Party, each Receiving Party  
12 must return all Protected Material to the Producing Party – whether retained by the  
13 Receiving Party or its Counsel, Experts, Professional Vendors, agents, or any non-  
14 party to whom the Receiving Party produced or shared such records or information.

15 As used in this subdivision, "all Protected Material" includes all copies,  
16 abstracts, compilations, summaries or any other form of reproducing or capturing any  
17 of the Protected Material, regardless of the medium (hardcopy, electronic, or  
18 otherwise) in which such Protected Material is stored or retained.

19 In the alternative, at the discretion of the Receiving Party, the Receiving Party  
20 may destroy some or all of the Protected Material instead of returning it – unless such  
21 Protected Material is an original, in which case, the Receiving Party must obtain the  
22 Producing Party's written consent before destroying such original Protected Material.

23 Whether the Protected Material is returned or destroyed, the Receiving Party  
24 must submit a written certification to the Producing Party (and, if not the same person  
25 or entity, to the Designating Party) within thirty (30) days of the aforementioned  
26 written request by the Designating Party that specifically identifies (by category,  
27 where appropriate) all the Protected Material that was returned or destroyed and that  
28 affirms that the Receiving Party has not retained any copies, abstracts, compilations,

1 summaries or other forms of reproducing or capturing any of the Protected material  
2 (in any medium, including but not limited to any hardcopy, electronic or digital copy,  
3 or otherwise).

4 Notwithstanding this provision, Counsel are entitled to retain an archival copy  
5 of all pleadings, motion papers, transcripts, legal memoranda or other documents filed  
6 with the Court in this action, as well as any correspondence or attorney work product  
7 prepared by Counsel for the Receiving Party, even if such materials contain Protected  
8 Material; however, any such archival copies that contain or constitute Protected  
9 Material remain subject to this Protective Order as set forth in Section 2, above. This  
10 ~~Court shall retain jurisdiction in the event that a Designating Party elects to seek~~  
11 ~~enforcement of this Order, including sanctions for violation of the parties' Stipulation~~  
12 ~~and this Order.~~

13 **10. MISCELLANEOUS.**

14 10.1. Right to Further Relief. Nothing in the parties' Stipulation or this Order  
15 abridges the right of any person to seek its modification by the Court in the future.

16 10.2. Right to Assert Other Objections. By stipulating to the entry of this  
17 Protective Order pursuant to the parties' Stipulation, no Party waives any right it  
18 otherwise would have to object to disclosing or producing any information or item on  
19 any ground not addressed in the parties' Stipulation or this Order. Similarly, no Party  
20 waives any right to object on any ground to use in evidence any of the material  
21 covered by the parties' Stipulation and this Protective Order.

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The provisions of the parties' Stipulation and this Protective Order shall be in effect until further Order of the Court.

IT IS SO ORDERED.

Dated: 11/3, 2015

Alicia L. Rosenberg  
UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE

**MANNING & KASS**  
**ELI ROD, RAMIREZ, TRESTER LLP**  
ATTORNEYS AT LAW

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